Dr. Lalan Kumar, Associate Professor, Management, Directorate of Distance Education, B.R.A. Bihar University, Muzaffarpur, E-mail : <u>lalankumar.ddebrabu@gmail.com</u>.

Abstract

The intensifying competition that exists in the international business environment drives companies to find ways to get a competitive advantage over their rivals. In order to compete in this environment, the company is repositioning itself as a brand, not only to sell their products but also to recruit new skills and to keep the best individuals working for them. A plausible employee value proposition, also known as an EVP, should serve as the foundation of a strong employer brand. To be really successful, an employer brand has to represent who you are as a company and be integrated into every facet of the employee experience. Only then will it be able to fulfil its potential. In addition, this is the reason why EVPs are of such vital importance. The Employee Value Proposition (EVP) helps to characterise what the organisation would most like to be associated with as an employer and to characterise the "give and get" of the livelihood deal (the value that workers are needed to provide with the value that they can obtain accordingly). In addition, the EVP characterises the "give and get" of the livelihood bargain. EVPs have been strongly associated with the concept of employer branding, with the EVP being used to characterise the core "offer" on which an organization's employer branding.

Keywords: Employer branding, IT Companies, Employee Value Proposition

INTRODUCTION

The increasing level of competition that exists in the global business industry predicts that companies will find ways to get an advantage over their competitors not only in terms of selling their products but also in terms of selecting new presents and keeping the best workers working for them. As a result of the fact that a company's brand is one of its most valuable resources, managing a company's brand is an essential activity for many different kinds of businesses. The Employee Value Proposition, also known as EVP, is the process of determining a fair distribution of the rewards and benefits that are given to workers as a direct result of their performance in the working environment.

An EVP is often developed by organisations with the purpose of providing a consistent platform for employer brand communication and experience management. In spite of the fact that most businesses concentrate their branding efforts on developing product and corporate brands, branding may also be used within the realm of human resource management. This is despite the fact that most businesses centre their branding efforts on developing product brands. Employer branding is a concept that refers to the practise of applying branding standards to the management of human assets. Employer branding is becoming more popular among businesses as a strategy to entice new volunteers and ensure that current workers are interested in the culture and practises of the company in which they are employed. People in general are given an impression of the nature of an organisation via its employer brand. It is the process of creating an image of an outstanding working environment in the minds of prospective workers as well as those who are already employed by the company. Even when they have a strong organisation or client brand, Indian companies are compelled to focus on employer branding as a consequence of the liberalisation of the Indian economy in 1991 and the consequent monetary changes. This is the case even when they have a strong brand for their customers.

Employer Branding

Backhaus and finds that - Employer Branding refers to an organization's efforts to promote, both internally and externally to the firm, a fair perception of what makes it special and appealing as an

International Advance Journal of Engineering, Science and Management (IAJESM) ISSN -2393-8048, January-June 2021, Submitted in June 2021, <u>iajesm2014@gmail.com</u> employer. According to this interpretation, the top square of the pyramid, which represents employer branding, has not one but two different components—namely, inward and external branding. have described Employer Branding using the following terminology: The process of developing a personality for an organisation and managing its image in the context of its function as an employer is referred to as "employer branding." The personnel of an organisation are its "inner clients," and their thoughts about the brand are very important. The connection that the customers have with the brand may either be favourable or bad.

Objective

1. The study evaluation of employee value proposition of IT companies

2. The study business environment propels the organizations to create upper hand over different.

Effective Employer Brand

When it comes to developing a successful employer brand and getting people to find connection with an organisation, the present society, winning states of mind, and participation with the work environment all play an important role. It is a vision for the long haul that encompasses the values, frameworks, arrangements, practises, and practises that characterise what employers expect of their workers and what employees, therefore, expect of their employers. The following list provides the primary considerations that should be made while developing and establishing an alluring employer brand.

Employer branding refers to the process of promoting an organisation, or an organisation, as the employer of choice to a desired target group, which is one that an organisation requires and has to engage and hold. Employer branding may also refer to the process of promoting an employer brand. The technique helps the organization's capability in attracting, enrolling, and retaining the ideal people, which is referred to as Top Talent in recruitment, and ensures the success of the organization's marketable strategy by ensuring its success.

In the case that employer branding is the approach that is used, the employer brand of an organisation is the reputation of that business as a company that is desirable to work for. However, in order for an organisation to effectively progress its employer brand, it must first have a character that is honest, tenable, significant, identifiable, and upbeat in order to attract current and potential workers. In order to achieve this goal, it is necessary to do extensive research in order to ensure that the nature of the employer satisfies both the expectations of top talent and those of top management. In this vein, having an understanding of both the capability's and the organization's wants and needs is necessary in order to construct an engaging internal and external employer picture: What kinds of careers does Top Talent want to pursue? What are the most important objectives of the organisation? After gathering this information, the company can then begin to characterise its unique personality by addressing the question of what it is about the company that makes it an outstanding employer. This aspect of the company is referred to as the Employer Value Proposition (EVP) inside the employer branding teaching framework. At its core, an employer value proposition (EVP) is an arrangement of appealing employer services that are seen to be lucrative to top talent.

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

This article uses a contextual investigation technique to take a top-to-bottom look at various actions and processes that leading IT companies use to build their employer brands. The focus of this research is on the activities and processes that these leading IT companies use. For the purposes of this research, Tata Consultancy Services (TCS), Infosys, and Wipro were selected. The purpose of this article is to encourage the collection of data on the employer branding methods used by major IT giants. In the last five to six years, there has been a growing trend among Indian companies to place a greater emphasis on corporate social responsibility (CSR) initiatives.

International Advance Journal of Engineering, Science and Management (IAJESM) ISSN -2393-8048, January-June 2021, Submitted in June 2021, iajesm2014@gmail.com This is done for a variety of reasons, including to build their brand and to differentiate themselves from other organisations. This enables them to build up their organisation in the psyches of the client as a perceived symbol and the best corporate subject. Additionally, this assists them to improve their corporate subject. The organisations see Social Responsibility as a fundamental core value, and they prepare themselves, via a variety of activities, to play the role of employer of choice. They do this by delivering a product or service of high quality and by maintaining a positive corporate image in the eyes of the general public. This enables them to attract and keep the finest talent in the market. According to George Pohle and Jeff Hittner (2008), well-known businesses have effectively demonstrated that they can differentiate their brands and notoriety as well as their products and administrations on the off chance that they assume responsibility for the flourishing of the social orders and circumstances in which they work. This was one of the main points that the two authors focused on. A growing body of evidence suggests that businesses may prosper by excelling in their respective fields.

Tata Consultancy Services

The vast majority of businesses focus a significant portion of their time, energy, and resources on developing their employer brands in the hopes of rising to the top of their industries and the world at large. TCS follows the developments of this miracle as well. TCS has been recognised as the employer of choice both in the local community and on an international scale.

CSR Initiatives by TCS

The Tata group's philosophy of constructing strong, sustainable organisations that are immovably entrenched in the group and demonstrate care for the environment can be seen in practise at TCS. At TCS, the following elements contribute to the company's strong capacity to effectively manage its business affairs:

- Administration of the company using a technique that is rational, simple, and value-driven
- Methodology for effective long-term company growth
- HR practises and procedures that are well-adjusted and among the best in the industry
- Community development initiatives for the benefit of society Environmental stewardship

TCS IT Wiz is widely regarded as India's premier information technology exam for students in schools. Launched in Bangalore in August 1999, and eventually reaching out to different urban communities in the South in 2000, the test has turned into a benchmark in the between school testing circuit in the most recent decade for the level of exploration, the force with which groups contend, and the sheer cooperation numbers it draws. The test was initially administered in August 1999. As the first information technology test ever given in the country, this examination was awarded a place in the LIMCA book of records. TCS has initiated a variety of CSR activities in India, with the goals of addressing concerns and problems related to the environment, education, health, and safety. The esteemed Rockefeller Foundation in this city recently presented Ratan Tata, the Chairman of Tata Sons, with a Lifetime Achievement Award in recognition of his contributions to the growth of magnanimity. During his remarks at the occasion, Mr. Tata said that businesses should be sensitive to the manner in which they are having any type of influence in the locations where they operate and that they should do things to assist the group in achieving success. He was held in high regard by the Foundation for integrating open great into the strategy of the Tata Group. According to him, members of staff at his company have developed a distinct soul as a result of being a part of the group in which they are employed. It has been ingrained in the fabric of the organisation for everyone, even him, to play a role in the group.

DATA ANALYSIS

Infosys

Over the last several years, Infosys has been recognised as the Best Employer in a variety of HR studies carried out by a variety of different organisations. The company has earned a reputation

International Advance Journal of Engineering, Science and Management (IAJESM) ISSN -2393-8048, January-June 2021, Submitted in June 2021, iajesm2014@gmail.com for the employee-friendly HR practises it implements. Infosys has been a forerunner in innovative workforce practises and HR activities, whether it be in the area of creating wealth for workers via the widespread appropriation of investment opportunity arrangements or in the area of creating a lovely work environment with a variety of distinct conveniences. When Narayana Murthy was serving as the CEO of Infosys, he famously quipped, "Our advantages depart the doorway every night. It is imperative that we make certain that they come back the next morning." This society is maintained at Infosys even to this day. Infosys recruits the most talented individuals from all around the country and uses one of the most rigorous selection processes to get its rivals off the ground. Infosys was one of the primary companies to provide employee stock ownership plans (ESOPs) to its workforce.

The organisation adopted a variable pay structure, which meant that the remuneration of its workers depended on the performance of the individual, the group, and the organisation as a whole. In addition to this, it does an excellent job of handling the challenges that the company must overcome in order to keep its talented personnel. Infosys gives consideration, while choosing new contracts, to identifying employees who have the appropriate skills for the appropriate jobs. In addition, the organisation places a significant amount of emphasis, throughout this push, on contracting those individuals (abilities) who are capable of a high degree of learnability. At Infosys, training and development of staff members is an ongoing process. At the point when enrolled workers promptly experience activation and the getting ready programme.

The Global Education Centre (GEC) in Mysore is where the training for the new employees takes place. This facility includes offices that are of world-class quality and has the capacity to train more than 4,500 workers at the same time. The company has established a competence mapping framework that takes into account individual execution, organisational requirements, and criticism from customers in order to provide comprehensive inputs for the development of these preparatory programmes. This framework was established in order to offer extensive inputs. The Infosys Leadership Institute (ILI), which was established in 2001, had a significant impact on the company's ability to provide adequate HRD services. The institution was radically expanded so that it could produce and prepare future talents for use inside the organisation. The whole organisation has redesigned its pay and compensation structure with the ultimate objective of better coordinating the work of its workers with the requirements of the expanding size of the firm. The company moved in the direction of implementing a compensation structure with variable elements. In addition to this, it uses a performance evaluation system based on 360 degrees.

Wipro

After starting as a little manufacturer of cooking oil in the year 1945, today's Wipro, which is considered to be one of the most reputable organisations in India, has grown into a massive conglomerate by Indian standards. Wipro has, in a very short amount of time, established three new businesses, namely venture arrangements, framework administration, and business process outsourcing, which, together, account for thirty percent of the company's total programming revenue. Wipro has initiated a framework known as the People Capability Maturity Model (PCMM) as an essential Human Resource Management (HRM) approach for the purpose of becoming a business pioneer in an industry that is notoriously competitive.

CSR activities

The Azim Premji Foundation, which was established with financial resources donated by Azim Premji, Chairman of Wipro Corporation, is a prominent example of operations that are both highly important and systematic in character. The building of a society that is just, caring, and fair via the provision of high-quality, broad education is the goal of this organisation. In addition to this, it is one of the very few activities that places a substantial emphasis on the participation of children. The organisation strives to have a significant impact on well-known social problems by

International Advance Journal of Engineering, Science and Management (IAJESM) ISSN -2393-8048, January-June 2021, Submitted in June 2021, <u>iajesm2014@gmail.com</u> cooperating in a dynamic organisation with the government and other sectors of the general public that are relevant to these concerns. The Foundation is of the opinion that education is the most important factor in the progress and development of India. The organisation has articulated goals to have an influence on both policy and systemic issues.

This also applies to the limited collaboration of a number of different partners. All of the endeavours, initiatives, and activities that are carried out by the Azim Premji Foundation revolve on the creation of productive and adaptable models that together improve the quality of education offered in the institution, as well as ensure that the community plays an appropriate role in the administration of the educational institution. Wipro educates its workers on the importance of corporate social responsibility beginning in the middle of the prompting process. It is also applicable to the process of providing restoration to those who have survived natural disasters. The Women of Wipro (WOW) board organised a variety of programmes with the goals of encouraging, empowering, and engaging women who work for the company. EcoEye is Wipro's push towards biological maintainability, which has evolved into a coordinated and comprehensive system throughout the course of the company's history. Wipro has also begun a variety of environmental and social supportability activities, with a focus on issues such as community welfare, education, employee welfare, energy, the environment, healthcare for the physically challenged, and the elimination of poverty, among other issues.

Culture @ Wipro

Wipro placed a strong emphasis on the company's adherence to its administrative ideals and shared views. Wipro has, over the course of its history, gradually assembled a strong and competent core of top-level administrative specialists. When everything was taken into account, senior jobs at Wipro were filled from inside the company, with the exception of a few very unique criteria. Every member of Wipro is familiar with the sensation of "people starting things out." Work at Wipro is certain to have a pleasant backdrop because to the company's dedication to provide its workers with the ideal working conditions and opportunities for career advancement. Activities such as a 360-degree inspection framework and skip-level feedback provide assistance for critique on all levels. A research project on employee recognition is carried out once a year by an external office that is aware of the requirements for high employee assurance. Wipro makes an effort to provide an environment that is energising by providing high levels of inspiration, strengthening, and acknowledgement. In addition, they try to remove obstacles that get in the way of creative thinking. At Wipro, potential is recognised, and employees are provided with open doors for furthering their education. The Wipro Leaders Programme addresses the challenge of successfully directing large and cohesive groups of people. The purpose of the study is to identify the specific behaviours and ways of being that make up the Wipro pioneer's traits. At Wipro, the hard work and dedication of each individual employee is always taken into consideration and acknowledged. Wipro acknowledges the dedication of their long-term partners with an extensive award initiative. Schemes include occasion packages with one-of-a-kind workplaces. The compensation package is one of the finest in the industry, and it is designed to encourage current talent to remain employed. The package takes into consideration all of the places that are perpendicular to Wipro. The rewards for each job are determined by factors such as execution, potential, criticality, and the worth of the business sector. Wipro also provides its employees with a variety of supplementary benefits, such as an all-encompassing medical assistance programme, repayment plan, and instructional assistance arrangement, as well as chances for employee advancement in the form of investments, and so on.

CONCLUSION

There have been cases of Indian companies branding themselves to prospective and existing workers, despite the fact that these cases are uncommon and scattered around the country. It is

International Advance Journal of Engineering, Science and Management (IAJESM) ISSN -2393-8048, January-June 2021, Submitted in June 2021, jajesm2014@gmail.com apparent that some people have done it by accident. It was accomplished by Infosys via its "middleclass transforming into tycoons" programme, Wipro through its reputation as a "take-off point for business visionaries," and TCS through its role as a "training ground for fresher's." However, according to Mr. Sinha, none of them attempted employer branding as a well-thought-out arrangement, which led to workers beginning to associate these takeaways with their own organisations. Because Infosys, Wipro, and TCS did not set out to deliberately create their brands, those companies instead focused on cultivating fruitful working environments and fostering employee happiness; as a result, those companies' brands emerged naturally as a byproduct of the foundations they had laid. Even though many businesses may believe that employer branding is an expensive endeavour that is also time-consuming and difficult to keep up with, it is essential to understand that not having an employer brand technique in place might end up costing you more. According to the findings of study, maintaining a consistent standard yields the most revenues for any organisation that has an interest in employer branding. The return on investment (ROI) in employer branding is determined by a variety of different factors. These factors include employee engagement, the form of the contract, the cost per enlistment, the number of applicants, employee satisfaction, and brand awareness and appeal with prospective workers. In the long term, the metrics that are used by an organisation in order to assess the value of employer branding are ultimately directly associated with the company that the organisation is in charge of.

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